

# SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION 規格書

**CUSTOMER:** DATE:

(客戶):志盛翔 (日期):2017-07-15

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : GT 25V1500μF(φ12.5X20)

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

SUPPLIER							
PREPARED (拟定)	CHECKED (审核)						
李婷	刘渭清						

CUSTOMER								
APPROVAL (批准)	SIGNATURE (签名)							

# ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

		SPECIFICAT			ALTERNA	ATION HIS ECORDS	TORY
		GT SERIE	ES				
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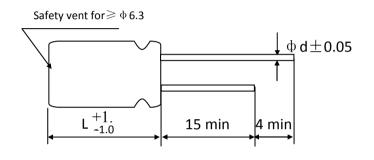
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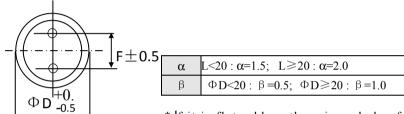
## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

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## Table 1 Product Dimensions and Characteristics

Unit: mm





\* If it is flat rubber, there is no bulge from the flat rubber surface.

N	N SAMXON	WV	Cap.	Cap. tolerance	Temp.	tanδ (120Hz,	Leakage	Max Ripple Current at 105℃	Impedance at 20°C	Load lifetime		ension mm)		Sleev
0.	Part No.	(Vdc)	)	Cap. tolerance	range(°C)	20°C)	Current (µA,2min)	100KHz (mA rms)	100kHz (Ωmax)	(Hrs)	$\mathbf{D} \times \mathbf{L}$	F	фd	e
1	EGT158M1EI20RR**P	25	1500	-20%~+20%	-40~105	0.14	375	1900	0.035	10000	12.5X20	5.0	0.6	PET

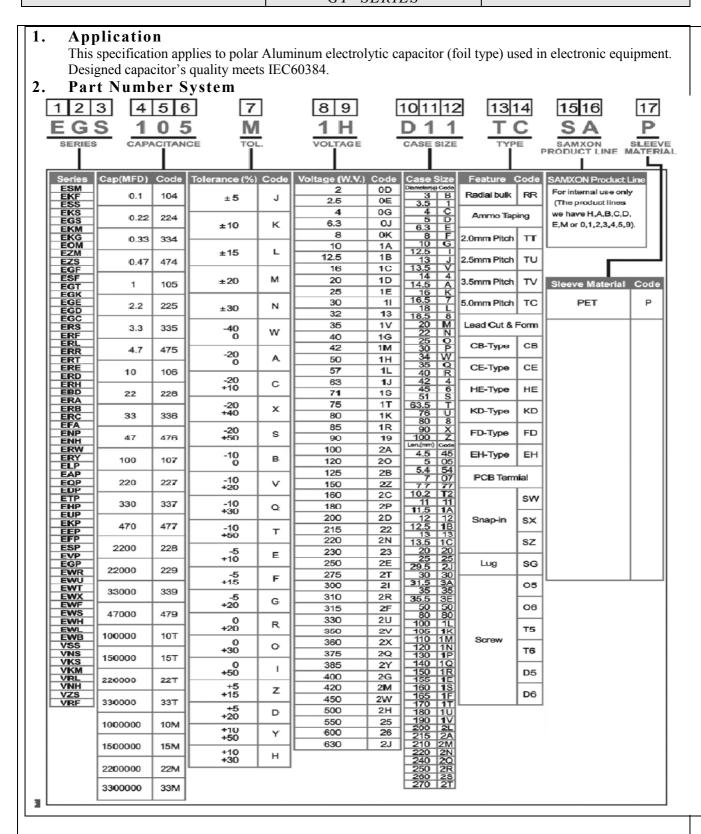
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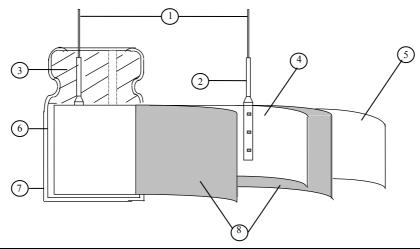


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#### 3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



	Component	Material
1	Lead line	Tinned CP wire (Pb Free)
2	Terminal	Aluminum wire
3	Sealing Material	Rubber
4	Al-Foil (+)	Formed aluminum foil
5	Al-Foil (-)	Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil
6	Case	Aluminum case
7	Sleeve	PET
8	Separator	Electrolyte paper

#### 4. Characteristics

#### Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C Relative humidity : 45% to 85% Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature  $: 20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

#### Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

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	ITEM	PERFORMANCE									
	Rated voltage										
	(WV)	WV (V.DC)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63	100	
4.1		SV (V.DC)	8	13	20	32	44	63	79	125	
	Surge voltage (SV)										
4.2	Nominal capacitance (Tolerance)	<b>Condition&gt;</b> Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T <b>Criteria&gt;</b> Shall be with	oltage emperat	: N ure : 20	)±2℃	han 0.5V					
4.3	Leakage current	Condition> Connecting to minutes, and <b>Criteria&gt;</b> Refer to Table	then, me				sistor (1	k Ω ± 10	Ω) in se	eries for	
4.4	tan δ	<condition> See 4.2, Norr <criteria> Refer to Table</criteria></condition>	-	itance, fo	r measui	ring frequ	iency, vo	oltage and	l tempera	ture.	
4.5	Terminal strength		ength of apacitor ength of pacitor,	Termina applied fonds, and	lls. Force to be then ber	ent the te	erminal ( 0° to its	1~4 mm toriginal sending	from the reposition versition is	ubber) f	
		Over 0 <criteria no="" notice<="" td=""><td>a&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td>0 (1.0) and, no b</td><td>reakage</td><td></td><td>ess at the</td><td>termina</td></criteria>	a>			0 (1.0) and, no b	reakage		ess at the	termina	

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# ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

		<condition></condition>								
		STEP Tes	ting Tempe	erature(°C)			Time			
		1	$20\pm 2$	2	Time	to reach	thermal e	equilibri	ım	
		2	-40(-25)	<u>+3</u>	Time	to reach	thermal e	equilibri	ım	
		3	20±2	2	Time	Time to reach thermal equilibrium				
		4	105±	2	Time	Time to reach thermal equilibrium				
		5	$20\pm 2$		_	to reach				
		<criteria></criteria>						1		
		a. $\tan \delta$ shall be wi more than 8 times o			4.4The le	eakage cı	ırrent me	asured s	hall not	
	Temperature	b. In step 5, $\tan \delta$ s	hall be witl	hin the lim	it of Iter	n 4.4The	leakage	current	shall no	
1.0	characteristi	more than the specia	ied value.							
4.6	cs	c. At-40°C (-25°C), table.	impedance	e (z) ratio s	hall not	exceed th	e value o	of the fol	lowing	
		Working Voltage (V)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63	
		Z-25°C/Z+20°C	4	3	2	2	2	2	2	
		Z-40°C/Z+20°C	8	6	4	3	3	3	3	
		Working Voltage (V)	100							
		Z-25°C/Z+20°C	2							
		Z-40°C/Z+20°C	3							
		For capacitance valu	e > 1000 u			41 1000	) E C	7 05/7	• • • • •	
		Tor capacitance vare	C > 1000 H	F, Add 0.3	per ano	ther 1000	) µ F Ior	Z-25/Z+	20°C,	
		Capacitance, tan $\delta$ , a		Add 1.0	per anot	her 1000	μFforZ			
		Capacitance, tan $\delta$ , a <b>Condition&gt;</b>	nd impedar	Add 1.0	per anote measur	ther 1000 ed at 120	μF for Z Hz.	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.	
		Capacitance, tan δ, a <condition> According to IEC60</condition>	nd impedar	Add 1.0 nce shall be	per anote measures, The ca	ther 1000 ed at 120 pacitor is	μ F for Z DHz.	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.	
		Capacitance, $\tan \delta$ , a <b>Condition&gt;</b> According to IEC60 $105^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2 \text{ with DC}$	nd impedar 384-4No.4. bias voltage	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the r	per anote measures, The ca	ther 1000 ed at 120 pacitor is	μ F for Z OHz. s stored a t for Tab	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.  erature of the sum of th	
		Capacitance, tan δ, a <condition> According to IEC60 105°C ±2 with DC DC and ripple peak</condition>	nd impedar 384-4No.4. bias voltage	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the rhall not ex	per anote measures, The cated ripp	ther 1000 ed at 120 pacitor is le curren	μ F for Z  OHz.  S stored a  t for Tab  Vorking V	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.  erature of the sum of then the sum of the sum	
		Capacitance, tan δ, a  Condition> According to IEC60  105°C ±2 with DC  DC and ripple peak product should be te	nd impedar 384-4No.4. bias voltage voltage sl sted after 16	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the rhall not ex 6 hours rec	per anote measures, The cated ripp	ther 1000 ed at 120 pacitor is le curren	μ F for Z  OHz.  S stored a  t for Tab  Vorking V	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.  erature of the sum of then the sum of the sum	
4.7	Load	Capacitance, tan δ, a  Condition> According to IEC60  105°C ±2 with DC  DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet the	nd impedar 384-4No.4. bias voltage voltage sl sted after 16	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the rhall not ex 6 hours rec	per anote measures, The cated ripp	ther 1000 ed at 120 pacitor is le curren	μ F for Z  OHz.  S stored a  t for Tab  Vorking V	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.  erature content the sum of	
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan δ, a <condition> According to IEC60 105°C ±2 with DC DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet th <criteria></criteria></condition>	384-4No.4. bias voltage voltage slated after 10 te following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the r hall not ex 6 hours recg table:	s, The ca ated ripp acced the	pacitor is le current e rated whime at at	μ F for Z  OHz.  S stored a  t for Tab  Vorking V	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.  erature of the sum of then the sum of the sum	
4.7		Capacitance, tan δ, a  Condition> According to IEC60  105°C ±2 with DC  DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet the Criteria> The characteristic sleep.	nd impedar 384-4No.4. bias voltage voltage sl sted after 10 te following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the r hall not ex 6 hours recg table:	s, The ca ated ripp ceed the overing	pacitor is le current e rated whime at at ments.	F for Z OHz. s stored a t for Tab yorking v mospher	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.  erature content the sum of	
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan δ, a <condition> According to IEC60 105°C ±2 with DC DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet th  <criteria> The characteristic sl  Leakage curre</criteria></condition>	384-4No.4. bias voltage sted after 10 te following tall meet the	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the rhall not ex 6 hours recg table:  e following Value in a shall not ex 10 method e plus the rhall not ex 20 method e plus the rhall not	per anote measures, The capated ripper ceed the overing required 4.3 shall	pacitor is le curren e rated whime at at ments.	PF for Z OHz. S stored a t for Tab yorking w mospher	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.  erature content the sum of	
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan $\delta$ , a  Condition> According to IEC60 105°C ±2 with DC DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet th  Criteria> The characteristic sl  Leakage curre Capacitance of	384-4No.4. bias voltage sted after 10 te following tall meet the	Add 1.0 nee shall be 13 method e plus the r hall not ex 6 hours receptable:  e following Value in the within ±	s, The ca ated ripp ceed the overing to g require 4.3 shall	pacitor is le current e rated writine at at ments.  be satisficinitial variation of the current	P F for Z DHz. S stored a t for Tab yorking w mospher ied	z-40°C/z at a temp ble 1. (Ti voltage) ic condit	Z+20°C.  erature content the sum of	
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan δ , a  Condition> According to IEC60 105°C ±2 with DC DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet th  Criteria> The characteristic sl  Leakage curre Capacitance of tan δ	384-4No.4. bias voltage sted after 10 te following tall meet the	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the result in the re	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200	pacitor is le current e rated when the satisficial value of the control of the control of the current e rated when the current e rated	P F for Z OHz. S stored a t for Tab yorking w mospher ied alue.	Z-40°C/Z  at a tempole 1. (The condition of the condition	Z+20°C.  erature of the sum of then the sum of the sum	
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan $\delta$ , a  Condition> According to IEC60 105°C ±2 with DC DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet th  Criteria> The characteristic sl  Leakage curre Capacitance of	384-4No.4. bias voltage sted after 10 te following tall meet the	Add 1.0 nee shall be 13 method e plus the r hall not ex 6 hours receptable:  e following Value in the within ±	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200	pacitor is le current e rated when the satisficial value of the control of the control of the current e rated when the current e rated	P F for Z OHz. S stored a t for Tab yorking w mospher ied alue.	Z-40°C/Z  at a tempole 1. (The condition of the condition	Z+20°C.  erature of the sum of then the sum of the sum	
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan δ , a  Condition> According to IEC60 105°C ±2 with DC DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet th  Criteria> The characteristic sl  Leakage curre Capacitance of tan δ	384-4No.4. bias voltage sted after 10 te following tall meet the	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the result in the re	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200	pacitor is le current e rated when the satisficial value of the control of the control of the current e rated when the current e rated	P F for Z OHz. S stored a t for Tab yorking w mospher ied alue.	Z-40°C/Z  at a tempole 1. (The condition of the condition	Z+20°C.  erature of the sum of then the sum of the sum	
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan δ , a  Condition> According to IEC60 105°C ±2 with DC DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet th Criteria> The characteristic sl  Leakage curre Capacitance of tan δ  Appearance	384-4No.4. bias voltage voltage sl sted after 10 te following tall meet the	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the r hall not ex 6 hours rec g table:  e following Value in Within ± Not more There sha	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing a g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 all be no	pacitor is le curren e rated wrime at at ments. be satisfi initial value of the leakage of	p µ F for Z DHz. s stored a t for Tab yorking w mospher ied hlue. e specifie	Z-40°C/Z  at a tempole 1. (The condition of the condition	erature of the sum of Then the ions. The	
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan δ , a  Condition> According to IEC60  105°C ±2 with DC  DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet the Criteria> The characteristic sl  Leakage currectan δ  Appearance  Condition>	384-4No.4. bias voltage sloted after 10 the following that the control of the con	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the rhall not ex 6 hours receptable:  e following Value in Within ± Not more There shall the receptable in the shall not voltate the shall not work the shall not work the shall the receptable in the shall not not work the shall the shall not not work the shall not	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 all be no	pacitor is le curren e rated whime at at ments.  be satisfinitial value of the leakage of the le	P F for Z DHz. S stored a t for Tab yorking w mospher ied alue. e specifie of electro	z-40°C/z  at a temp ble 1. (Ti voltage) ic condit  ad value.  elyte.	erature of the sum of Then the sions. The	
4.7	life test	Capacitance, tan δ, a  Condition> According to IEC60 105°C ±2 with DC DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet th Criteria> The characteristic sl  Leakage curre Capacitance tan δ Appearance  Condition> The capacitors are the 1000+48/0 hours. Fo	384-4No.4. bias voltage shated after 10 are following all meet the ent Change	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the r hall not ex 6 hours receptable:  e following Value in Within ±  Not more There shall have voltaged at the period the bilized at the shall no voltage is period the bilized at the shall have the shall be shall be the shall be shall	s, The ca ated ripp ceed the overing to 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 all be no	pacitor is le curren e rated whime at at ments.  be satisfinitial various of the leakage of the	p F for 20 PHz.  S stored at t for Table vorking was mospher steel alue.  E specifie of electromagnetic period of the specifie	z-40°C/z  at a temp ble 1. (Tr  voltage) ic condit  ad value.  lyte.  re of 105 boved from hours. 1	±2°C form the text the	
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4.7	life test Shelf life	Capacitance, tan δ, a  Condition> According to IEC60  105°C ±2 with DC  DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet th  Criteria> The characteristic sl  Leakage curron Capacitance Condition> The capacitors are the 1000+48/0 hours. For chamber and be allowed applied for 30min. A	all meet the change on stored will oblive to stall of a series	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the restall not ex 6 hours receptable:  e following Value in Within ±  Not more There shall no voltatis period the bilized at a limiting receptable.	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 all be no	pacitor is le current e rated whime at at ments. be satisficinitial va 20% of the leakage of the tors shall apperature to ± 100 Ω	Estored at t for Tabyorking was mospher died alue.  Especifie of electromagnetic for 4~8 ) with I	z-40°C/z  at a tempole 1. (Tivoltage) ic conditions conditions and value.  The of 105 boved from hours. In the conditions of 105 boved. It is conditionally the conditional the conditional the conditions of 105 boved. It is conditionally the conditional the conditiona	±2°C form the text the d voltage	
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	life test Shelf life	Capacitance, tan δ, a  Condition> According to IEC60  105°C ±2 with DC  DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet th  Criteria> The characteristic sl  Leakage curron Capacitance Condition> The capacitors are the 1000+48/0 hours. For chamber and be allowed applied for 30min. A	all meet the change on stored will oblive to stall of a series	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the restall not ex 6 hours receptable:  e following Value in Within ±  Not more There shall no voltatis period the bilized at a limiting receptable.	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 all be no	pacitor is le current e rated whime at at ments. be satisficinitial va 20% of the leakage of the tors shall apperature to ± 100 Ω	Estored at t for Tabyorking was mospher died alue.  Especifie of electromagnetic for 4~8 ) with I	z-40°C/z  at a tempole 1. (Tivoltage) ic conditions conditions and value.  The of 105 boved from hours. In the conditions of 105 boved. It is conditionally the conditional the conditional the conditions of 105 boved. It is conditionally the conditional the conditiona	±2°C form the text the d voltage	
	life test Shelf life	Capacitance, tan δ, a  Condition> According to IEC60  105°C ±2 with DC  DC and ripple peak product should be te result should meet th  Criteria> The characteristic sl  Leakage curron Capacitance Condition> The capacitors are the 1000+48/0 hours. For chamber and be allowed applied for 30min. A	all meet the change on stored will oblive to stall of a series	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the restall not ex 6 hours receptable:  e following Value in Within ±  Not more There shall no voltatis period the bilized at a limiting receptable.	g require 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 all be no	pacitor is le current e rated whime at at ments. be satisficinitial va 20% of the leakage of the tors shall apperature to ± 100 Ω	Estored at t for Tabyorking was mospher died alue.  Especifie of electromagnetic for 4~8 ) with I	z-40°C/z  at a tempole 1. (Tivoltage) ic conditions conditions and value.  The of 105 boved from hours. In the conditions of 105 boved. It is conditionally the conditional the conditional the conditions of 105 boved. It is conditionally the conditional the conditiona	±2°C form the text the d voltage	

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		<criteria></criteria>	
		The characteristic shall meet	the following requirements.
		Leakage current	Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied
	Shelf	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 25\%$ of initial value.
4.8	life	tan 8	Not more than 200% of the specified value.
	test	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		Remark: If the capacitors are	stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may
		increase. Please apply voltage	e through about 1 k $\Omega$ resistor, if necessary.
			e 15~35℃.
4.9	Surge	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.
ч.Э	test	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 15\%$ of initial value.
		tan 6	Not more than the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		Attention:	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		This test simulates over volta over voltage as often applied <b>Condition&gt;</b>	ge at abnormal situation only. It is not applicable to su
		The following conditions sha perpendicular directions. Vibration frequency ra Peak to peak amplitude Sweep rate Mounting method:	
4.10	Vibration test		greater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fix  Within 30°  To be soldered
4.10		The capacitor with diameter gin place with a bracket.  4mm or less  Criteria> After the test, the following in Inner construction	Within 30°  To be soldered
4.10		The capacitor with diameter gin place with a bracket.  4mm or less  Criteria> After the test, the following in Inner construction  Appearance	To be soldered  tems shall be tested:  No intermittent contacts, open or short circuiting.  No damage of tab terminals or electrodes.

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		<condition></condition>					
		The capacitor shall be test			ondition	S:	
		Soldering temperature		: 245±3°C			
	G . 1.1 1. 114	Dipping depth		: 2mm			
4.11	Solderability	Dipping speed		: 25±2.5mm/s	3		
	test	Dipping time		: 3±0.5s			
		<criteria></criteria>		A minimum	of 050/	of the surface	haina
		Coating quality		immersed	01 93 /0	of the surface	being
				mmersea			
		<condition></condition>					
		Terminals of the capacitor	r shall be ir	nmersed into	solder l	bath at $260\pm$	5°C for 10 $\pm$
		1 seconds or $400 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C fo	or $3^{+1}_{-0}$ second	ls to 1.5~2.0m	ım from	the body of ca	apacitor.
		Then the capacitor shall b					
Resistance to for 1~2 hours before measurement.							
4.12	solder heat	<criteria></criteria>					
	test	Leakage current	Not	more than the	e specifi	ed value.	
		Capacitance Change	Wit	hin $\pm 10\%$ of	initial	value.	
		tan δ	Not	more than the	e specifi	ed value.	
		Appearance	The	re shall be no	leakage	of electrolyte	·.
						<u>-</u>	
		<condition></condition>	udina ta IEC	260204 ANI a 4	7matha	da aamaaitan	.h.all h.a
		Temperature Cycle:Accor placed in an oven, the cor				us, capacitor s	snan be
		• -	emperature	rung us serow		ime	
		(1)+20°C	onip oracar o		€3	Minutes	
		(2)Rated low tempera	ature (-40°C		$30\pm 2$	Minutes	
4.12	Change of	(3)Rated high temper	-		$\frac{30\pm 2}{30\pm 2}$	Minutes	
4.13	temperature test	(1) to (3)=1 cycle, tot	`		<u> </u>	Williams	
	test	(1) to (3)-1 cycle, to (	tai 5 Cycle				
		The characteristic shall m	eet the follo	wing requiren	nent		
		Leakage current		ore than the sp		value.	
		tan δ		re than the sp			
		Appearance		hall be no leal			
		<condition></condition>					
		Humidity Test:					
		According to IEC60384-4	1No.4.12 me	ethods, capacit	tor shall	be exposed for	or 500±8
		hours in an atmosphere of					
		meet the following require			,		8
		<criteria></criteria>					
4.14	Damp heat	Leakage current	Not more	than the speci	fied valu	ue.	
4.14	test	Capacitance Change	Within ±	20% of initial	l value.		
		tan $\delta$	Not more	than 120% of	the spec	cified value.	
		Appearance	There shal	ll be no leakag	ge of ele	ctrolyte.	

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test	22.4 or less Over 22.4 <a href="#">Criteria&gt;</a> The vent shall operate with n			itions suc	ch as flam	nes or disp	ersion o
	The maximum permissible at 120Hz and can be applied Table-1 The combined value of D.C rated voltage and shall not Frequency Multipliers:  Coefficient	ed at maxi C voltage	mum ope and the p	erating te	mperatur	e	ceed the
		0.45	0.55	0.70	0.00	1.00	
current)	390~1000	0.65	0.75	0.90	0.98	1.00	
	1200~3900	0.75	0.80	0.95	1.00	1.00	
	Maximum ermissible (ripple	22.4 or less   Over 22.4	22.4 or less   1   Over 22.4   10	Criteria> The vent shall operate with no dangerous condipieces of the capacitor and/or case.    Condition> The maximum permissible ripple current is the at 120Hz and can be applied at maximum operated voltage and shall not reverse voltage.    Frequency Multipliers:	Criteria> The vent shall operate with no dangerous conditions succeives of the capacitor and/or case.    Condition> The maximum permissible ripple current is the maximum at 120Hz and can be applied at maximum operating to Table-1 The combined value of D.C voltage and the peak A.C rated voltage and shall not reverse voltage.    Frequency Multipliers:	Criteria> The vent shall operate with no dangerous conditions such as flampieces of the capacitor and/or case.    Condition> The maximum permissible ripple current is the maximum A.C of at 120Hz and can be applied at maximum operating temperatur Table-1 The combined value of D.C voltage and the peak A.C voltage strated voltage and shall not reverse voltage.    Frequency Multipliers:	22.4 or less   1   Over 22.4   10

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5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

	Substances
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds
Heavy metals	Lead and lead compounds
Tieavy illetais	Mercury and mercury compounds
	Hexavalent chromium compounds
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)
Chloinated	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)
organic	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)
compounds	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)
	Other chlorinated organic compounds
D : 1	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)
Brominated	Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including
organic	decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE])
compounds	Other brominated organic compounds
Tributyltin compo	ounds(TBT)
Triphenyltin com	pounds(TPT)
Asbestos	
Specific azo com	pounds
Formaldehyde	
Beryllium oxide	
Beryllium coppe	er
Specific phthalate	es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP)
Hydrofluorocarbo	on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC)
Perfluorooctane s	ulfonates (PFOS)
Specific Benzotri	azole

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## ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GT SERIES

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#### **Attachment: Application Guidelines**

#### 1.Circuit Design

1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at  $20^{\circ}$ C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
  - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
  - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
  - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while tanδ increases.
  - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).

#### 1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

#### 1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

#### (1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

#### (2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

#### (3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

#### (4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

#### 1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

### (1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

#### (2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

#### 1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

#### (1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

#### (2) Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

#### (3)Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

#### (4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

φ6.3~φ16mm:2mm minimum, φ18~φ35mm:3mm minimum, φ40mm or greater:5mm minimum.

#### (5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

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#### (6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

#### 1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

#### 1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

#### CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

#### 2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about 1kΩ.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately  $1k\Omega$ .
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result.

#### 2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
- (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.

#### 2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

#### 2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

#### 2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150°C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

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#### 2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder

- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

#### 2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.

Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinyl sleeve could result.

- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

#### 2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

#### 3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

#### 3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

### 4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed 100°C temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

#### 5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a  $1000\Omega$ , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes . If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

#### 5.1 Environmental Conditions

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The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

#### 6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

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